## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

# 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/22 Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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2 (a)

element	particle	formula	
copper	cation	Cu²⁺ allow Cu⁺	
argon	atom <b>or</b> molecule	Ar	

one mark for each correct row **or** column  $(2 \times 1)$ 

(b) Cu cations held in 'sea' of delocalised electrons (1) by strong metallic bonds (1)
Ar van der Waals' forces between molecules (1) which are weak (1)
(c) (i) oxidising agent or electron acceptor (1) Ar has very high first I.E or *E*<sub>a</sub> for reaction is very high or Ar has full valency shell/complete octet (1)
(d) from Ne to Xe more electrons in atom (1) hence more induced dipoles/van der Waals' forces (1)
[2] [Total: 10]

[2]

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3 (a)

oxide	Na <sub>2</sub> O	MgO	$Al_2O_3$	SiO <sub>2</sub>	$P_4O_6$	SO <sub>2</sub>
bonding	ionic	ionic	ionic/covalent	covalent	covalent	covalent
structure	giant	giant	giant	giant	simple	simple

(i) fully correct 'bonding' row (1)

(ii)	fully correct 'structure' row (1)	[2]
(/	····· <b>j</b> ····· ························	L—J

#### **(b)** $Al_2O_3$ or $SiO_2(1)$

(ii)		NaOH + $H_2SO_3 \rightarrow NaHSO_3 + H_2O$	
	or	$2NaOH + H_2SO_3 \rightarrow Na_2SO_3 + 2H_2O (1)$	[5]

 (d) MgO(I) conducts (1) MgO(I) contains free/mobile ions (1) SiO<sub>2</sub>(I) does not conduct (1) SiO<sub>2</sub>(I) has no free ions (1)

[4]

[1]

[Total: 12]

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4 (a)  $C: H: O = \frac{48.7}{12} : \frac{8.1}{1} : \frac{43.2}{16}$  (1) = 4.06 : 8.1 : 2.70 = 1.5 : 3 : 1 = 3 : 6 : 2 empirical formula is  $C_3H_6O_2$  (1)

**(b)** (i) 
$$M_{\rm r} = \frac{mRT}{pV} = \frac{0.13 \times 8.31 \times 400}{1.00 \times 10^5 \times 58.0 \times 10^{-6}}$$
 (1)

= 74.5 (1)

(ii)  $C_3H_6O_2 = 36 + 6 + 32 = 74 (1)$  $n(C_3H_6O_2) = 74.5$ hence molecular formula of **E** is  $C_3H_6O_2 (1)$ 

#### (c) structures of F are

HCO <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	HCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>
S	Т	U	V

each correct structure is worth one mark (3 × 1)

### (d) (i) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>/HC1/mineral acid or NaOH/KOH (1)

- (ii) carboxylic acid **not** 'acid' (1) [2
- (e) (i) aldehyde (1)
  - (ii) must be a primary alcohol (1)
  - (iii)  $CH_3OH$  or  $CH_3CH_2OH$  or  $CH_3CH_2CH_2OH$  (1)
- (f) (i) S (1)
  - (ii) only S is not the ester of a primary alcohol
     or only S is the ester of a secondary alcohol (1)
     [2]

[Total: 16]

[4]

[2]

[3]

[2]

[3]

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5 (a) (i)	prop	an-1-ol <b>or</b> propan-2-ol (1)		
(ii)				
		OH		
		OH or	、 (1)	
(iii)	dehy	/dration <b>or</b> elimination (1)		[3]
(b) (i)		on (1) ecomposition/cracking of the alcohol (1)		
(ii)	to av	void 'sucking back' of water into the hot tube (1)		
(iii)	SiO <sub>2</sub>	2 (1)		
(iv)	conc	c. $H_2SO_4$ or $P_4O_{10}$ or $Al_2O_3$ or $H_3PO_4$ (1)		[5]
(c) (i)	CH₃	CHBrCH <sub>2</sub> Br (1)		
(ii)	CH₃	CH(OH)CH <sub>2</sub> OH (1)		
(iii)	CH₃(	CO <sub>2</sub> H (1)		[3]
(d) (i)	(very	y) high pressure <b>or</b> Ziegler-Natta catalyst (1)		
(ii)	does	s not biodegrade <b>or</b> gives harmful combustion products	s (1)	[2]
				[Total: 13]