MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/36

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	Total
1 (a)	PDO layout	 I The following data are given mass of solid used (or both weighings) volume used in rough titre (or both readings) initial <i>and</i> final readings for two (or more) accurate titrations 	1	
	PDO recording	 II Acceptable/appropriate headings for all data given in weighing and accurate titration tables and g and cm³ units. mass/weight of beaker (empty) mass of beaker + FB 1/solid mass solid/FB1 initial/start/first (burette) reading/volume final/end/second (burette) reading/volume titre or volume used/added/FB 5 added (but not difference or change in volume) unit:/cm³ or (cm³) or in cm³ or cm³ If g/cm³ units are not given in the heading, every entry in the table must have the correct unit. 	1	
	PDO recording	 III All <i>accurate</i> burette readings are to the nearest 0.05 cm³. The need to record to 0.05 only applies to the burette readings, including 0.00 cm³ (if this was the initial reading), but it does not apply to the titre. Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading more than one final burette reading is 50.(00) any burette reading is greater than 50.(00). 	1	
	MMO decision	 IV There are two uncorrected accurate titres within 0.10 cm³. Do not include a reading if it is labelled "rough". Do not award this mark if, having performed two titres within 0.1 cm³, a further titration is performed which is more than 0.10 cm³ from the closer of the initial two titres, unless further titrations, within 0.1 cm³ of any other, has also been carried out. Do not award the mark if any accurate burette readings (apart from initial zero) are given as integers. 	1	
	MMO quality	Examiner calculates mean titre × mass FB 1 for candidate and Supervisor. Award V , VI and VII if $\delta \le 2$ (g cm ³) Award V and VI if $2 < \delta \le 3$ Award V , only, if $3 < \delta \le 5$. Spread penalty: if two best titres used by the Examiner are ≥ 0.50 cm ³ apart, cancel one Q mark.	1 1 1	[7]

	Page 3			Mark Scheme Syl			Paper	
	GCE		GCE	A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9701	3	6	
1	(b)	MMO decisio	on	Candidate calculates the mean correctly. Candidate must take the average two (or n where the total spread is $\leq 0.2 \text{ cm}^3$. Working must be shown or ticks must be p		1		
				accurate titres selected. The mean should normally be quoted to 2 to nearest 0.01 cm ³ . Example 26.667 cm ³ n rounded to 26.67 not 26.65 cm ³ , 26.675 cm rounded to 26.68 not 26.70 cm ³ . Two special cases, where the mean may n Allow mean expressed to 3 dp, only for 0.0 Allow mean if expressed to 1 dp if all accur	ot be to 2 dp: 25 or 0.075. 2te burette			
				 readings were given to 1 dp (ignoring initia and the mean is exactly correct e.g. 26.0 a is correct but 26.0 and 26.1 = 26.1 is wrong 26.05. Do not award this mark if: The rough titre was used to calculate the The candidate did only one accurate titre Burette readings were incorrectly subtrationary of the accurate titre values. All burette readings (resulting in titre values calculation of mean) are integers. 	nd 26.2 = 26.1 g – should be e mean. ation. cted to obtain			
				Note : the candidate's mean will sometimes correct even if it is different from the mean the Examiner for the purpose of assessing	calculated by		[1]	
1	(c)	ACE interpr	retation	I Correctly calculates moles of Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ w = <u>mass of FB1 used</u> 248.2	veighed in (i)	1		
				II Correct expression for moles of Na ₂ S ₂ C = <u>answer (i) × mean titre</u> 250	D_3 used in (ii)	1		
				III Correct calculations/expression in (iii) a (iii) : no moles of I ₂ = 0.5 × (ii)	nd (iv)	1		
		PDO o	display	IV Correct expression in (v) Mass = answer (iv) × 40 ×158(.0) (× 40 shown as × 1000/25)	may be	1		
		PDO o	display	V All quoted answers are given to 3 or 4 s figures. <i>(minimum of three answers)</i>	significant	1	[5]	

Page 4			Mark Scheme Syllabus			Paper	
	GCE		A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9701	36		
1 (d)	ACE inter	ACE interpretation error = 0.05 cm^3 in (i) and % error in volume of FB 5 = $\frac{2 \times 0.05}{\text{vol of FB 5 used}} \times 10$ (ii)		— × 100 in ed	1	[1]	
					[Total: 14]		
2 (a)	MMC		I The masses of FB 6 used by the candid between 2.0 – 2.4 g (expt 1) <i>and</i> 2.5 – 2		1		
	displa	PDO displayII Suitable headings for a table or list, shown completely for at least one experiment. If 2 experiments, all headings must be correct. 					
PDO recording			 III Records all balance readings consistent 1 dp A minimum of three weighings are need 		1		
	MMC quali		Examiner calculates $\frac{\text{mass of hydrated salt}}{\text{mass of water}}$ experiment. Award IV if the ratio in expt 1 is between 0. Award V If the ratio in expt 2 is between 0. Award VI If the ratio in both of experiments between 0.85 and 1.25.	95 and 1.15. 95 and 1.15.	1 1 1	[6]	
2 (b)	MMC quali		 (i) An appropriate choice of the more acception experiment, and justification of choice. possibilities: Experiment 2 uses a larger mass and greater percentage accuracy. A reference to either experiment "spectropy" during heating is a valid reference to ether experiment. Experiment 1 as smaller mass take heating. 	Three nd has a pitting" or eason for	1		
	ACE interp	pretation	 (ii) Correctly calculates number of moles of = mass of water lost 18 Ans to 2–4 sf Candidate must use the mass loss for experiment thought to be more accura choice is expressed in (i), this should be 	the te. (If no	1		
	ACE conc	lusion	(iii) $MSO_4.7H_2O(s) \rightarrow MSO_4(s) + 7H_2O(g)$ Allow (I) for water.		1		

Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pa	
	GC	E A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9701	3	6
	ACE nterpretation	(iv) Correct answer calculated $n(MSO_4) = \frac{n(water)}{7}$ i.e. answer (ii) divided by 7 <i>Ans to 2–4 sf</i>		1	
	ACE nterpretation	 (v) Method mark showing the numbers expression Relative formula mass = mass of residence Mass of residue from same expt as matching Ans to 2–4 sf 	ue s	1	
	ACE nterpretation	(vi) Correct answer calculated $A_r = M_r - 96.1$. Candidates are allowed to use 126.3 a In this case, the $A_r = 30.2$. Ans 2–4 sf Penalise sf once only within (b)	is the <i>M</i> _r .	1	
-	ACE conclusion	 (vii) Correct identification of M as magnesic and explanation that this A_r is closest to calculated. Allow alternative identity of metal as explanation. 	to value	1	
-	ACE conclusion	(viii) (M is divalent but) Al and Cr are both or (M forms 2+ ion whereas) Al and or sulfates of Cr/Al are not CrSO ₄ are ref to both needed	Cr are 3+	1	[8]
- (-)	ACE mprovement	Cool in a desiccator or cool in closed container with a (named)	drying agent	1	[1]
				[To	tal: 15]

Page 6		GCE	Mark SchemeSyllabusGCE A LEVEL – October/November 20139701		Paper 36				
GCE			901		A LEVEL – October/November 2013 9701				
FB	6 = Mg	gSO ₄ ; F	B 7 is H ₂	SO ₄ ; FB	8 is Pb(NO ₃) ₂ ; FE	3 9 = KI			
3	(a)	MMO collection		(i) White precipitate, insoluble in excess for both NaOH and NH ₃				1	
		MMO decision		(ii) Us aci	e barium chloride/ d	nitrate and hyd	lrochloric/nitric	1	
		MMO collec	MMO collection		White precipitate formed, insoluble in acid.				
		ACE conclu	usion	(iii) $Ba^{2+} + SO_4^{2-} \rightarrow BaSO_4$				1	[4]
3	(b)	MMO collec		(i) Or	e mark for each co	olumn		1	
					FB 7	FB 8	FB 9		
				Mg	Fizzing or tube gets hot/heat given out or Mg dissolves and (gas) pops with lighted splint	Black solid/ppt formed/Mg strip turns dark	No reaction	1	
				FB 7		White ppt	No reaction		
				FB 8			Yellow ppt		
								1	
	ACE conclu	usion	l í an	 (ii) FB 7 is sulfuric acid and it is acidic (or H⁺ ions are present) because it fizzes/hydrogen produced with magnesium. 					
	MMO collec	tion	 (iii) Red-brown/brown/orange-brown/yellow-brown colour with KI (not red or orange or yellow) and blue or black colour with starch 			1			
		ACE conclu	E lodine produced and the anion in FB 9 is iodide.					1	
		ACE conclu	usion	(iv) Pb Ec	I_2 or AgI (or both) f possible for CrO ₄	²⁻ in (iii) with B	a ²⁺ or Pb ²⁺	1	[7]
								ſT	otal: 11