

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

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	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
	9709/1	1
athematics 1 (P1)	October/November 201	9
	1 hour 45 minute	5
ver on the Question Paper.		
	athematics 1 (P1) ver on the Question Paper.	NUMBER 9709/1 athematics 1 (P1) October/November 201 1 hour 45 minute

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 75.

This document consists of **20** printed pages.



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1)	Find the distance she must run on day 1 in order to achieve this. Give your answer in km correct to 1 decimal place.
)	Find the total distance she runs over the 21 days.

7	
(ii) Hence, showing all necessary working, solve the equation	
$4\tan(2x - 20^\circ) + 3\cos(2x - 20^\circ) + \frac{1}{\cos(2x - 20^\circ)} = 0$	
for $0^{\circ} \leqslant x \leqslant 180^{\circ}$.	[4]

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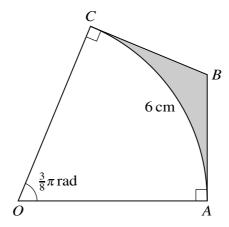
7 Functions f and g are defined by

$$f: x \mapsto \frac{3}{2x+1} \quad \text{for } x > 0,$$
$$g: x \mapsto \frac{1}{x} + 2 \quad \text{for } x > 0.$$

(i)	Find the range of f and the range of g.	[3]
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i)	Find an expression for $fg(x)$, giving your answer in the form $\frac{ax}{bx+c}$, where a, b and c are integer	ers. [2]
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		•••••
i)	Find an expression for $(fg)^{-1}(x)$, giving your answer in the same form as for part (ii).	[3]
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The diagram shows a sector OAC of a circle with centre O. Tangents AB and CB to the circle meet at B. The arc AC is of length 6 cm and angle $AOC = \frac{3}{8}\pi$ radians.

(i)	Find the length of <i>OA</i> correct to 4 significant figures.	[2]
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(ii)	Find the perimeter of the shaded region.	[2]
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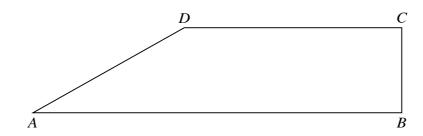
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ii)	Find the area of the shaded region.	[4]

F	find the equation of the curve.
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Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$.	[2]
Find the coordinates of the stationary point on the curve and, showing all determine the nature of this stationary point.	necessary working, [4]
	Find the coordinates of the stationary point on the curve and, showing all

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Relative to an origin O, the position vectors of the points A, B, C and D, shown in the diagram, are given by

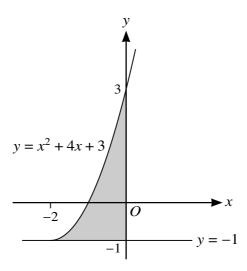
$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \overrightarrow{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \overrightarrow{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \overrightarrow{OD} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

(i)	Show that AB is perpendicular to BC .	[3]
(ii)	Show that <i>ABCD</i> is a trapezium.	[3]

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(iii)	Find the area of <i>ABCD</i> , giving your answer correct to 2 decimal places. [3]

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The diagram shows a shaded region bounded by the y-axis, the line y = -1 and the part of the curve $y = x^2 + 4x + 3$ for which $x \ge -2$.

(i)	Express $y = x^2 + 4x + 3$ in the form $y = (x + a)^2 + b$, where a and b are constants. Hence, for $x \ge -2$, express x in terms of y. [4]

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Additional Page

If you use the following fined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.

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