

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
MATHEMATICS		9709/43
Paper 4 Mechanics		May/June 2021
		1 hour 15 minutes
You must answer on the question paper.		

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity (g) is needed, use 10 m s⁻².

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

1 Particles *P* of mass 0.4 kg and *Q* of mass 0.5 kg are free to move on a smooth horizontal plane. *P* and *Q* are moving directly towards each other with speeds 2.5 m s^{-1} and 1.5 m s^{-1} respectively. After *P* and *Q* collide, the speed of *Q* is twice the speed of *P*.

Find the two possible values of the speed of P after the collision.	[4]
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- 2 A cyclist is travelling along a straight horizontal road. She is working at a constant rate of 150 W. At an instant when her speed is 4 m s^{-1} , her acceleration is 0.25 m s^{-2} . The resistance to motion is 20 N.
 - (a) Find the total mass of the cyclist and her bicycle.

The cyclist comes to a straight hill inclined at an angle θ above the horizontal. She ascends the hill at constant speed 3 m s⁻¹. She continues to work at the same rate as before and the resistance force is unchanged.

(b) Find the value of θ .

[2]

[3]





Four coplanar forces act at a point. The magnitudes of the forces are 20 N, 30 N, 40 N and *F* N. The directions of the forces are as shown in the diagram, where $\sin \alpha^{\circ} = 0.28$ and $\sin \beta^{\circ} = 0.6$.

[6]

Given that the forces are in equilibrium, find F and θ .

.....

(a) Show that u = 22. [2] (b) The height of the particle above the ground is more than h m for a period of 3.6 s. Find *h*. [4]

2 seconds, the height of the particle above the ground is 24 m.

A particle is projected vertically upwards with speed $u \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$ from a point on horizontal ground. After

- 5 A car of mass 1400 kg is towing a trailer of mass 500 kg down a straight hill inclined at an angle of 5° to the horizontal. The car and trailer are connected by a light rigid tow-bar. At the top of the hill the speed of the car and trailer is 20 m s^{-1} and at the bottom of the hill their speed is 30 m s^{-1} .
 - (a) It is given that as the car and trailer descend the hill, the engine of the car does 150 000 J of work, and there are no resistance forces.

Find the length of the hill.	[5]
	••••••

(b) It is given instead that there is a resistance force of 100 N on the trailer, the length of the hill is 200 m, and the acceleration of the car and trailer is constant.

Find the tension in the tow-bar between the car and trailer.	[4]
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6 A particle moves in a straight line and passes through the point A at time t = 0. The velocity of the particle at time t s after leaving A is $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$, where

$$v = 2t^2 - 5t + 3.$$

(a) Find the times at which the particle is instantaneously at rest. Hence or otherwise find the minimum velocity of the particle. [4]

(b) Sketch the velocity-time graph for the first 3 seconds of motion.

[3]

(c) Find the distance travelled between the two times when the particle is instantaneously at rest. [3]



A particle *P* of mass 0.3 kg rests on a rough plane inclined at an angle θ to the horizontal, where $\sin \theta = \frac{7}{25}$. A horizontal force of magnitude 4 N, acting in the vertical plane containing a line of greatest slope of the plane, is applied to *P* (see diagram). The particle is on the point of sliding up the plane.

(a) Show that the coefficient of friction between the particle and the plane is $\frac{3}{4}$. [4]

The force acting horizontally is replaced by a force of magnitude 4 N acting up the plane parallel to a line of greatest slope.

[3]

(b) Find the acceleration of *P*.

..... (c) Starting with P at rest, the force of 4 N parallel to the plane acts for 3 seconds and is then removed. Find the total distance travelled until *P* comes to instantaneous rest. [3]

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Additional Page

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.

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