



# Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

**PSYCHOLOGY** 9990/12

Paper 1 Approaches, Issues and Debates

May/June 2024

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

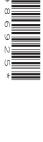
#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 12 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



## **Section A**

2

# Answer all questions.

1	four	e first stage of the study by Bandura et al. (aggression) was when the children were rated on it scales by the experimenter and a nursery school teacher. One of these scales was 'aggressive ibition'.					
	(a)	Identify <b>one</b> of the other scales used in this first stage.					
		[1]					
	(b)	Outline how the children were assigned to one of the conditions in this study.					
		[2]					
	(c)	Identify <b>two</b> features of the final experimental room used in the 'test for delayed imitation'.					
		1					
		2[2]					
		[-]					
2	Fro	m the study by Andrade (doodling):					
	(a)	Outline the experimental design used in this study.					
		[2]					
	(b)	Outline <b>one</b> conclusion from this study.					
		[2]					



From the study by Dement and Kleitman (sleep and dreams):

(a)	Outline <b>one</b> result in relation to REM sleep and dream recall.
	[2]
(b)	Outline <b>one</b> result in relation to dream duration estimates when participants were woken up 15 minutes after the onset of REM sleep.
	[2]
(c)	Explain <b>one</b> weakness of this study.
	ro.

From the study by Milgram (obedience):

	Outline what is meant by the term 'obedience'.
(b)	Outline how <b>one</b> ethical guideline was broken in this study.
Sua	recent at least one application to everyday life of the study by Hölzel at al. (mindfulness
brai	ggest at least one application to everyday life of the study by Hölzel et al. (mindfulness in scans). Do <b>not</b> refer to more than three applications in your answer. Your suggestic st be ethical.
brai	n scans). Do <b>not</b> refer to more than three applications in your answer. Your suggestic
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brai	n scans). Do <b>not</b> refer to more than three applications in your answer. Your suggestic

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From the study by Pozzulo et al. (line-ups):

Describe the 'line-up presentation' for the target–absent condition.
[5]
[6]
Suggest <b>two</b> problems that could arise if children were used as participants in the study by Perry et al. (personal space).
et al. (personal space).
et al. (personal space).  1



Two friends, Sabtu and Joyah, are discussing the validity of the study by Piliavin et al. (subway Samaritans). Sabtu says the study has validity, but Joyah says the study does not have validity.

Explain why you think either Sabtu or Joyah is correct, using evidence from this study in your answer.

he friend who I think is correct is
ecause:
[4]

#### **Section B**

Answer all questions.

Э	(a)	Describe the psychology being investigated in the study by Pagen et al. (elephant learning	y).
			F 4 1

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(b)	Explain <b>one</b> similarity and <b>one</b> difference between the study by Fagen et al. (elephant learning) and <b>one</b> other study from the learning approach.
	Similarity
	Difference
	[8]

* 00196549974		8			
10 Evaluate the	study by Baron-(	Cohen et al. (e r evaluation poir	eyes test) in terms nts <b>must</b> be about et	of <b>two</b> strengths	and two
weaknesses.	At least one of you	r cvaluation poil	no must be about et	11103.	
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[10]

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12

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