

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
			9990/23
Paper 2 Resea	rch Methods		May/June 2024
Paper 2 Resea			1 hour 30 minutes
	er on the question paper.		
	naterials are needed.		

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].



Section A

Answer **all** questions.

1 Explain what is meant by a covert observation, using any example.[2] 2 The results from the study by Andrade (doodling) included the following data about the shading of shapes by participants in the doodling group: the mean number per participant was 36.3 the range was 3-110. • Outline what these two results show about doodling by this group of participants.[2] 3 Describe how one feature of the study by Milgram (obedience) helped to make the study valid.

4 One group of participants in the study by Hölzel et al. (mindfulness and brain scans) was a sample of 16 right-handed adults: 6 males and 10 females.

Explain two reasons why this sample may not be representative.

- **5** Memory research is often conducted using eyewitnesses who have witnessed a real crime. Alternatively, researchers can use a simulated crime in a laboratory and ask participants what they remember.
 - (a) One strength of using a simulated crime in a laboratory is that it can improve objectivity.

Outline what is meant by the term 'objectivity', including an example about eyewitnesses.

-[2]
- (b) Describe how **one** feature of the study by Pozzulo et al. (line-ups) helped to make the study objective.

[2]

6	 Describe the following experimental designs, using any example(s): matched pairs design repeated measures design.
	[6]

- 7 Yashal is planning an experiment about the effect music has on students doing their homework. She is choosing the conditions she will use.
 - (a) Outline what is meant by the term 'experimental condition'.

(i) Outline what is meant by the term 'control condition'.
[1]
(ii) Suggest a control condition that Yashal could use in her experiment.
[1]
(ii) Suggest a control condition that Yashal could use in her experiment.
[1]
(c) Yashal is planning to use students working at home as participants.
Explain the type of experiment Yashal would be conducting.
[2]

- 8 A parrot rescue centre has some new parrots which need to learn to enter a cage. Their trainer is planning a procedure using operant conditioning to teach the parrots to enter the cage.
 - (a) Suggest one way that the parrots could be taught to enter the cage.

[3]

- (b) The success of the procedure can be measured by counting the number of days it takes each parrot to learn to enter the cage.
 - (i) Suggest two practical problems with this measurement of success.

	1	
		•••
	2	
	[4	 1]
(ii)	For one of the problems you suggested in part (b)(i) :	
	Suggest one way this problem could be solved.	
	Problem 1 or 2:	
		2]

- (c) There are many members of staff at the rescue centre. The trainer cannot decide whether the parrots will learn better if the other staff are present or absent while the parrots are being trained.
 - (i) Explain **one** reason why the parrots may learn better if the other staff are present during the parrots' training.

(ii) Explain **one** reason why the parrots may learn better if the other staff are absent during the parrots' training.

- **9** Faiza is planning to investigate the effect of air pollution on emotion. She had planned to conduct a laboratory experiment, but rejected this for ethical reasons.
 - (a) Suggest **one** reason why conducting a laboratory experiment for Faiza's investigation could have been unethical.

(b)	Faiza decides to use geography students as participants. They are visiting a rural environment and a polluted city as part of their geography course. She will collect data in both places.
	Explain one reason why Faiza's new plan is more ethical.
	[2]
(c)	Faiza is concerned about uncontrolled variables in her study.
	Suggest how two uncontrolled variables could affect the measurement of emotion.
	1
	2

Section B

Answer **all** questions.

- **10** Bhaavik is interested in the relationship between shyness and happiness. He says to his friend Jim that the shy people he knows are really happy, but Jim says he knows lots of happy people who are not shy.
 - (a) Describe how Bhaavik could conduct a correlational study to investigate the relationship between shyness and happiness.

Do not describe sample/sampling technique or ethical issues/guidelines in your answer.

.....[10] Describe one practical/methodological strength of the procedure you have described in (b) (i) your answer to part (a). Do not refer to sampling or ethics in your answer.[2] Describe one practical/methodological weakness of the procedure you have described in (ii) your answer to part (a). Do not refer to sampling or ethics in your answer.[2]

BLANK PAGE

11

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.