Cambridge International AS & A Level

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

* 3 7 7 1	CANDIDATE NAME								
	CENTRE NUMBER						CANDIDATE NUMBER		
	MATHEMATICS 9709/					9709/42			
0 3	Paper 4 Mechanics 1 (M1)				February/March 2019				
5418								1 hou	r 15 minutes
	Candidates answer on the Question Paper.								
*	Additional Mater	rials:	List of F	=ormu	lae (MF	-9)			

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity is needed, use 10 m s^{-2} .

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 50.



A small ring P of mass 0.03 kg is threaded on a rough vertical rod. A light inextensible string is attached to the ring and is pulled upwards at an angle of 15° to the horizontal. The tension in the string is 2.5 N (see diagram). The ring is in limiting equilibrium and on the point of sliding up the rod. Find the coefficient of friction between the ring and the rod. [4]

- 3
- 2 A particle is projected vertically upwards with speed $30 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$ from a point on horizontal ground.
 - (i) Show that the maximum height above the ground reached by the particle is 45 m. [2]

(ii) Find the time that it takes for the particle to reach a height of 33.75 m above the ground for the first time. Find also the speed of the particle at this time. [4]

FN

5 N



Four coplanar forces of magnitudes F N, 5 N, 25 N and 15 N are acting at a point P in the directions shown in the diagram. Given that the forces are in equilibrium, find the values of F and α . [6]

25 N

 •••••
 •••••
•••••
 •••••
•••••
•••••
•••••

4 A car of mass 1500 kg is pulling a trailer of mass 300 kg along a straight horizontal road at a constant speed of 20 m s^{-1} . The system of the car and trailer is modelled as two particles, connected by a light rigid horizontal rod. The power of the car's engine is 6000 W. There are constant resistances to motion of *R* N on the car and 80 N on the trailer.

(i)	Find the value of <i>R</i> .	[2]	

The power of the car's engine is increased to 12 500 W. The resistance forces do not change.

(ii) Find the acceleration of the car and trailer and the tension in the rod at an instant when the speed of the car is 25 m s^{-1} . [5]

.....



The velocity of a particle moving in a straight line is $v \,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$ at time *t* seconds after leaving a fixed point *O*. The diagram shows a velocity-time graph which models the motion of the particle from t = 0 to t = 16. The graph consists of five straight line segments. The acceleration of the particle from t = 0 to t = 3 is $3 \,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{s}^{-2}$. The velocity of the particle at t = 5 is $7 \,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$ and it comes to instantaneous rest at t = 8. The particle then comes to rest again at t = 16. The minimum velocity of the particle is $V \,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$.

(i) Find the distance travelled by the particle in the first 8 s of its motion.

[3]

(ii) Given that when the particle comes to rest at t = 16 its displacement from O is 32 m, find the value of V. [4]

- 6 A particle moves in a straight line. It starts from rest at a fixed point *O* on the line. Its acceleration at time *t* s after leaving *O* is $a \text{ m s}^{-2}$, where $a = 0.4t^3 4.8t^{\frac{1}{2}}$.
 - (i) Show that, in the subsequent motion, the acceleration of the particle when it comes to instantaneous rest is 16 m s^{-2} . [6]

(ii)	Find the displacement of the particle from O at $t = 5$.	[3]
		•••••
		•••••
		•••••
		•••••
		•••••



12

The diagram shows the vertical cross-section PQR of a slide. The part PQ is a straight line of length 8 m inclined at angle α to the horizontal, where $\sin \alpha = 0.8$. The straight part PQ is tangential to the curved part QR, and R is h m above the level of P. The straight part PQ of the slide is rough and the curved part QR is smooth. A particle of mass 0.25 kg is projected with speed 15 m s⁻¹ from P towards Q and comes to rest at R. The coefficient of friction between the particle and PQ is 0.5.

(i) Find the work done by the friction force during the motion of the particle from P to Q. [4]

(ii)	Hence find the speed of the particle at <i>Q</i> .	[4]
		•••
		•••
		•••
		•••
		•••
(iii)	Find the value of <i>h</i> .	3]
		•••
		•••
		•••

Additional Page

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.