wjec cbac

GCSE MARKING SCHEME

AUTUMN 2023

GCSE MATHEMATICS – NUMERACY UNIT 1 – FOUNDATION TIER 3310U10-1

INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2023 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

WJEC GCSE MATHEMATICS – NUMERACY

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GCSE Numeracy Unit 1: Foundation Tier	Mark	Comments
1(a) (i) A 3cm by 2cm rectangle drawn so that it is		Penalise -1 once only if the diagram is not a 3cm by 2cm rectangle but is another sized square or rectangle.
at least 2cm from the back of the house	B1	
at least 1cm from everything else.	B1	
1(a)(ii) 6 m ²	B1	Do NOT FT from 'their rectangle' drawn in (a)(i)
1(b)(i) an acute angle	B1	
1(b)(ii) 42° (±2°) drawn at T	B1	Use of overlay
		NOTE: The angle drawn must be drawn at point T, using the given horizontal line.
		However, do award B1 if they redraw the given diagram and the angle of 42° ($\pm 2^{\circ}$) is correct. Award B1 for an angle of 42° ($\pm 2^{\circ}$) clearly indicated if they use a vertical line at T or have extended the horizontal line to the left of T (i.e. drawn 138° and then indicated 42°).
1(b)(iii) 180 – 69 111 (°)	M1 A1	Accept 69 + 42 or 21 + 90 or 31 + 80

2(a)					Answers in the table and pictogram take precedence.
	Airport	Number of passengers (to the nearest million)		D 4	Accept the word million used eg 2 million
	Cardiff	2 000 000		B1	
	Bristol	9 000 000			
	Birmingham	12 000 000		B1	
	Exeter	1 000 000		B1	
	Leeds-Bradford	4 000 000			Penalise -1 only for consistent use of incorrect place value for all 3 values.
Air	port				
Са	rdiff			B3	Award B3 for all 4 correct entries
Bri	stol ()	DJ	Award B2 for 3 correct entries Award B1 for 2 correct entries
	Birmingham				FT 'their values stated in the table' FT implied use of million (i.e. with incorrect place value given in the 1 st table but then used as million in the pictogram)
	eds- adford				If a different symbol that is split into 4 is consistently used, then penalise -1 only. If a different scale used then B0.
'half of	80 million is 40 n	reason given e.g. nillion (and 46 086089 is	more	E1	Allow yes and 'half of 80 is 40'
'46 milli million) 'Double 80 millie 'becaus half' 'becaus was co than ha '460860 (as 400	, e 46 million is 92 on)' se half is 400000 rrect because it v alf)' 089 million is mo 000000 is half of i se 46086089 dou	40 million (which is half million (which is more th 00 so Gatwick had more 000 is forty million (but Cl was 46086089 which is r re than half of eighty mill it)' ubled is greater than	han e than hris nore		Do not allow no with a suitable reason e.g. 'No, because half of 80 is 40 and Chris had 46 so he had extra people' 'No, because half of 80 million is 40 million and there was 46 million used in Gatwick'
2(b)(ii)	261 909			B1	
2(c) 25	508×3 or 2508	+ 2508 + 2508 or equiv	alent	M1	For 2508 + 2508 + 2508, allow if no addition sign
	7524 (litres)			A1	seen but addition is implied award M1.

3(a) (Thursday) 28 th (December)	B2	Answer space takes precedence Award B1 for any one of the following (for missing
		one criteria):
		 (Friday) 29th (December) (Saturday) 30th (December)
		 (Saturday) 30st (December) (Sunday) 31st (December)
		 (Monday) 4th (December)(earliest possible date)
	M1	Check table for workings.
OR (right eye) 2.25 – 1.50 or 0.5 + 0.25		Allow embedded values e.g. 0.75 + 0.5(0) = 1.25 OR 1.50 + 0.75 = 2.25
(light eye) 2.23 – 1.30 01 0.3 + 0.23		Allow place value errors e.g. $125 - 75$
Right indicated AND 0.5 AND 0.75 seen	A1	Allow M1A1 if right is indicated and 50 and 75 seen (consistent use of non-decimals).
		If no marks awarded, award SC2 for right indicated
		and saying has increased by 0.25 or 25 more (than the left one)
	M1 A1	
(£)24	AT	If M0A0 award SC1 for (£)8
	M1	
(£) 56	A1	If M0A0 award SC1 for (£)28
(Total cost =) 24 + 56 + 39	M1	FT 'their derived 24' and 'their derived 56' including
		the use of (£)8 and (£)28
(£)119	A1	Award final A1 only if at least one M1 or SC1 has
(~)	/	been awarded and there are derived values for both
		eye test and frames.
		e.g 8 + 56 + 39 = 103 award M0A0SC1M1A1M1A1.
		Use of (£)8 and (£)28:
		8 + 28 + 39 (=£75) award SC1 SC1 M1 A1
		If M0A0 awarded for the last 2 marks, award SC1 for
		an answer of (\pounds) 80 (cost of lenses not included)
3(c) Organisation and communication	OC1	For OC1, candidates will be expected to:
		 present their response in a structured way
		• explain to the reader what they are doing at each
		step of their responselay out their explanations and working in a way that
		is clear and logical
		write a conclusion that draws together their results
		and explains what their answer means
Writing	W1	For W1, candidates will be expected to: • show all their working
		 show all their working make few, if any, errors in spelling, punctuation and
		grammar
1		• use correct mathematical form in their working
		• use appropriate terminology, units, etc.

4. Showing (65%), 60%, 86%, (80%) OR 65/100, 60/100, 86/100, 80/100 OR 6.5/10, (6/10) 8.6/10, 8/10 OR 0.65, 0.6(0), 0.86, 0.8(0) OR four correct calculations for a common amount					B2	Values may be shown in working or in the table B2 for all correct % OR all correct decimals all correct fractions <u>with a common denominator</u> OR correct work using a common amount OR a valid combination that allows full comparison e.g. 6/10 = 60% and 80% = 40/50 B1 for one correct conversion that allows a comparison with another value
Subject	Lowest English 6/10	Maths 65%	► PE 80%	Highest History 43/50	B1	 Allow any unambiguous indication (e.g. 'converted values'). FT 'their converted values' only if at least B1 previously awarded If no marks awarded, award SC1 for any one of the following: a correct order of given values i.e. 6/10, 65%, 80%, 43/50 (ignore subjects) a correct order of subjects i.e. English, Maths, PE, History (can ignore any values given)
	5 + 28 × 15 0 + 420				M2	 M1 for either sight of the sum of any 2 unique appropriate products (not multiples of these products) or for sight of 20×25, 28×15 and 17×10
				(£) 1090	A2	 CAO. Answer space takes precedence FT from M2 or M1 to award A1 for either any 2 of 500, 420 and 170 in a correctly evaluated sum of 3 products or sight of 500, 420 and 170 If no marks, award SC1 for sight of (Saturday and Sunday interchanged) 17 × 25 + 28 × 15 + 20 × 10 AND EITHER SC2 for an answer of (£)1045 OR SC1 for one of the following: any 2 of 425, 420 and 200 in a correctly evaluated sum of 3 products sight of 425, 420 and 200 award SC1 for sight of (table followed in order used in Venn) 20 × 25 + 17 × 15 + 28 × 10 AND EITHER SC2 for an answer of (£)1035 OR SC1 for one of the following: any 2 of 500, 255 and 280 in a correctly evaluated sum of 3 products sight of 500, 255 and 280

6(a) <u>90</u> × 540 or ½ × 540 or 540 ÷ 4 or equivalent	M1	
360 135 (people)	A1	Answer space takes precedence
		 When repeatedly halving 540, if there are errors, award M0 A0 unless indication that the intention is to divide by 2, e.g. 540 ÷ 2 = 220 (error) , 220 ÷ 2 = 110 is M1 A0 540, 220, 110 is M0 A0
6(b) Angle measured $170(^{\circ}) \pm 2(^{\circ})$	B1	May be seen on the pie chart
$0.4 \times 170(^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ})$ or equivalent	M1	FT for 'their angle, provided 90° < 'their angle' < 180° Any method of repeated addition must clearly be addition to 40%
68(°) or angle in the range 67(°) to 69 (°)	A1	Only allow angles in this range provided not from incorrect working Answer space takes precedence Allow A1 for labelled angle on the pie chart if no final answer given. On FT, using 'their 170', allow angles correctly rounded or truncated to the nearest degree
6(c) 540 - $\frac{7}{10}$ × 540 or (1 - $\frac{7}{10}$) × 540 or $\frac{3}{10}$ × 540	M1	For complete method
162 (not children)	A1	Answer space takes precedence
		If no marks, award SC1 for sight of $(\frac{7}{10} \times 540 =)$ 378

7(a)(i) 2.4 (kg)	B2	Answer space takes precedence
		 B1 for any one of the following: attempt to multiply 200 by 12 which may include a place value error, or equivalent shown as repeated addition, e.g. 2 × 12, 20 × 12, 2000 × 12, sight of 2400 in working an answer of 2400 ⁴⁸/₄ × 200 2kg 400g
7(a)(ii) 1:8:2	B2	Answer space takes precedence If units (g) are included then B1 only. B1 for sight of any one of the following (ignoring
		inclusion of 'g'): • 25 : 200 : 50
		• 5:40:10
		 equivalent multiple of the ratio 1 : 8 : 2 a ratio involving 1, 8 and 2 in an incorrect order
7(b)(i) 6 g	B1	
7(b)(ii) (Daily recommendation =) 0.8 × 70	M1	Allow if embedded in further incorrect working only if this working includes the use of '14'
56 (g)	A1	Ignore any incorrect unit given, e.g. % or kg
25 (%)	A2	FT <u>14</u> for possible A2 or A1 'their 0.8 × 70'
		On FT allow rounding or truncation of the final percentage
		A1 for one of the following: • the fraction $\frac{14}{56}$ or $\frac{7}{28}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$
		 a clear full method finding percentages of 56(g) clearly working towards 14(g)

8(a)		Ignore \$ written as £ or €, etc
$\left(\frac{1}{5}\text{ is $40, total amount of gift is}\right) 40 \times 5 \text{ or } 40 \div \frac{1}{5}$	M1	
(\$)200	A1	ISW
(Amount gifted to animal charity is $\frac{1}{4} \times 200$) (\$)50	B1	 FT ¼ × 'their 200' correctly evaluated, provided 'their 200' ≠ 40 'their 200' ≠ 200 - 40 (= 160) Allow FT 'their 200' = 8 <i>(see note below)</i>
(Gift to medical research is) (\$) $200 - 40 - 50$	M1	FT 'their derived 200' – 40 – 'their 50', provided > 0
(\$) 110	A1	FT provided both M marks previously awarded
		If no marks, award SC1 for $(40 - \frac{1}{5} \times 40 - \frac{1}{4} \times 40 = 40 - 8 - 10 =)$ (\$)22
8(a) <u>Alternative method</u>	N <i>Л</i> 1	Ignore \$ written as £ or €, etc
(1 otal amount of gift is) 40×5 or $40 \div \frac{1}{5}$ (\$)200	A1	ISW
(Proportion given to medical charity) $(1 - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{4} =)$ $\frac{11}{20}$ or $(1 - 0.2 - 0.25 =)$ 0.55 or $(100 - 20 - 25 =)$ 55 (%)	B1	Allow for proportion given to children's and animal charity clearly shown as $\frac{9}{20}$, 0.45 or 45 (%)
(Gift to medical research is) $\frac{11}{20} \times 200$ or $200 - \frac{9}{20} \times 200$	М1	FT 'their incorrectly evaluated $1 - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{4}$ ' or 'their incorrectly evaluated $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4}$ as appropriate and 'their derived 200', provided • 'their 200' \neq 40 • 'their 200' \neq 200 - 40 (= 160) Allow FT 'their 200' = 8
(\$) 110	A1	FT provided both M marks previously awarded
(Total amount of gift is) $40 \times 5 \text{ or } 40 \div \frac{1}{5}$ (\$)200 (Proportion given to medical charity) $(1 - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{4} =)$ $\frac{11}{20}$ or $(1 - 0.2 - 0.25 =)$ 0.55 or $(100 - 20 - 25 =)$ $55 (\%)$ (Gift to medical research is) $\frac{11}{20} \times 200$ $or 200 - \frac{9}{20} \times 200$	B1 M1	ISW Allow for proportion given to children's and animal charity clearly shown as $\frac{9}{20}$, 0.45 or 45 (%) FT 'their incorrectly evaluated $1 - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{4}$ ' or 'their incorrectly evaluated $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4}$ as appropriate and 'their derived 200', provided • 'their 200' \neq 40 • 'their 200' \neq 40 • 'their 200' \neq 200 - 40 (= 160) Allow FT 'their 200' = 8

8(b) Sight of 30 000 – 10 000 or 20 000 (30 000 – 10 000) × 0.22 or 20 000 × 0.22 or equivalent (\$) 4400	B1 M1 A1	Ignore incorrect units given throughout Any repeated addition method of 10% and 1% must clearly show addition to 22% CAO. Mark final answer
9(a) 209° ± 2°	B1	Answer space takes precedence
9(b)(i) Answer in the range 21 (km) to 25 (km)	B1	Answer space takes precedence
 9(b)(ii) Correct interpretation of the map scale, e.g. 1 cm represents 25 000 cm or 250 m 2 cm represents 50 000 cm or 500 m or 0.5 km 4 cm represents 100 000 cm or 1 000 m or 1 km OR Correct conversion 12 km to cm, 25 000 cm to km or equivalent, e.g. (12 km =) 1 200 000 (cm) (25 000 cm =) 0.25 (km) sight of 1200 and 25 sight of 12 and 0.25 	B1	
12 ÷ 0.25 or 12 × 4 or 1200000 ÷ 25000 or 1200 ÷ 25 or equivalent	M1	Ignore place value error, e.g. 12 ÷ 'their number with digits 25', 12 × 'their number with digit 4'
48 (cm)	A1	CAO
9(b)(ii) <u>Alternative method</u> (Original map scale is 3 cm : 12 km =) 3 : 1200000 or 1 : 400000 or equivalent	B1	
$\frac{400\ 000}{25\ 000}$ × 3 or 16 × 3 or equivalent 48 (cm)	M1 A1	Ignore errors in place value CAO

3310U10-1 WJEC GCSE Numeracy – Unit 1 FT MS A23/MLS