

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

	CANDIDATE NAME		
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
н л	MATHEMATIC	CS	0580/31
	Paper 3 (Core)		May/June 2021
			2 hours
	You must answe	er on the question paper.	
	You will pood:	Competitional instruments	

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions. •
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. •
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page. •
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid. •
- Do not write on any bar codes. •
- You should use a calculator where appropriate. •
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in • degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 104.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

1 (a) Strawberries cost \$4.20 per kilogram and cream costs \$8.56 per litre. Venus buys 1.2 kg of strawberries and 125 ml of cream.

Work out the total cost.

(b) Ravi has \$20. A pineapple costs \$1.45.

Work out the largest number of pineapples Ravi can buy and the change he receives.

Number of pineapples

Change \$ [3]

(c) Abraham has a box of 72 biscuits. He gives $\frac{2}{9}$ of the biscuits to his grandmother. He then gives $\frac{3}{7}$ of the biscuits that are left to his cousin.

Work out how many biscuits Abraham has now.

.....[3]

Calculate the percentage of the cakes that she sells.

(e) A bag contains 132 sweets. The sweets are shared between Beatrix and Volker in the ratio Beatrix : Volker = 5 : 7.

Work out the number of sweets they each receive.

			Beatrix	
			Volker	
(f)		sells desserts for \$24 each. n dessert costs \$12.80 to make.		
	(i)	Work out his percentage profit.		
				% [2]
	(ii)	The cost to make each dessert increases to \$13.60 Jed wants to make the same percentage profit.).	
		Work out the new selling price.		

2 (a) Anika asks 15 friends how many marbles they have. The results are shown in the table.

Number of marbles	Frequency	Pie chart sector angle
0	2	
1 to 10	8	
11 to 50	4	
More than 50	1	

- (i) Complete the table.
- (ii) Complete the pie chart.



[2]

(b)



Bag *A* contains 2 black marbles and 3 white marbles. Bag *B* contains 5 black marbles and 8 white marbles.

- (i) Write down the probability that a marble picked at random from bag A is black.
- (ii) Toby says,
 'You are more likely to pick a black marble at random from bag *B* than from bag *A* because bag *B* has more black marbles.'

Is Toby correct? Give a reason for your answer.

(iii) Toby adds some marbles to bag *B*. The probability of picking a black marble at random from either bag is now the same.

Work out the smallest number of black marbles and white marbles he adds to bag B.

Black	
White	[2]

3 The scale drawing shows the position of town *R* on a map. The scale is 1 centimetre represents 5 kilometres.

North ł R

Scale : 1 cm to 5 km

(a) Town M is 36 km from R on a bearing of 163°.

Mark the position of *M* on the map.

[2]

- (b) A railway track, 36 km long, is to be built in a straight line from R to M.
 - (i) The track costs \$1070 per metre to build.

Work out the cost of building the track.

\$[2	2]
------	----

(ii) 15 people can build 60 metres of track per day.

Work out how many days it will take 45 people to build the whole track.

..... days [3]

(c) Trains will travel the 36 km at an average speed of 75 km/h.

Work out the journey time. Give your answer in minutes.

..... min [2]

(d) Town *K* is on a bearing of 312° from *R*.

Work out the bearing of *R* from *K*.

......[2]

4 The diagram shows a line *L* and two points, *A* and *B*, on a grid.



..... cm [2]



9

The diagram shows the graph of $y = \frac{k}{x}$ for $1 \le x \le 8$. (a) Use the graph to find the value of x when y = 4.

- **(b)** (i) Show that k = 8.

5

(ii) Calculate the value of y when x = 250.

y = [1]

x = [1]

(c) (i) Complete this table of values for $y = \frac{8}{x}$.

x	-8	-4	-2	-1
У				

[2]

[1]

- (ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{8}{x}$ for $-8 \le x \le -1$. [3]
- (d) Write down the equation of each line of symmetry of the graph.
 - and [2]

[Turn over



10

6 The diagram shows three triangles, A, B and C, on a 1 cm² grid.

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(c) The diagram also shows an angle *b* in triangle *B*.

Use trigonometry to show that angle *b* is 63.4° , correct to 1 decimal place.



Two new triangles, *D* and *E*, are made from triangle *B*, as shown in the diagram.

Are all three triangles similar? Give a reason for your answer.

because	
	[2]

[2]

- 7 (a) Martin, Suki and Pierre make clocks. In one week
 - Martin makes *x* clocks.
 - Suki makes 3 fewer clocks than Martin.
 - Pierre makes twice as many clocks as Suki.
 - (i) Write an expression for the total number of clocks they make in one week. Give your expression in its simplest form.

.....[3]

- (ii) The total number of clocks they make in one week is 35.
 - (a) Work out the value of *x*.

x =	 [3]

- (b) Work out how many more clocks Pierre makes than Martin.

(b)



- (i) Complete the clock diagram to show the time 2.30 pm. [1]
- (ii) Calculate the obtuse angle between the hands of the clock at 2.30 pm.

.....[2]

..... seconds [2]

(d) A clock is started at 1500. The clock is not working correctly and is slow. The clock loses 8 minutes every hour so after one hour the clock shows 1552.

What time will the clock show $3\frac{1}{2}$ hours after it is started?

......[2]

(e) The times on two clocks are checked regularly.

One clock is checked every 6 days. The other clock is checked every 8 days.

Both clocks are checked on 1st January 2021.

Find the number of days during 2021 when both clocks will be checked on the same day. [There are 365 days in 2021.]

......[4]

NOT TO

SCALE

B

6 cm

8

(a)



 $AC = \dots cm [2]$

(b) Make *r* the subject of the formula $A = \pi r^2$.



15

The diagram shows a circle inside a square. The circle touches the four sides of the square. The area of the square is 81 cm^2 .

Calculate the shaded area.

..... cm² [4]

Question 9 is printed on the next page.

9 (a) $\mathscr{C} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12\}$ $E = \{x: x \text{ is an even number}\}$ $M = \{x: x \text{ is a multiple of }3\}$



	(i)	Complete the Venn diagram.	[2]
	(ii)	Write down $n(E \cup M)$.	[1]
	(iii)	A number is chosen at random from the universal set \mathscr{C} . Write down the probability that the number is in the set $E \cap M$.	[1]
(b)	Meg	g says that an even number cannot be a prime number.	[2]
		ne correct? e a reason for your answer.	
		because	[1]

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