

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME		
 CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
CAMBRIDGE	INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS	0607/42
Paper 4 (Extend	ded)	February/March 2021
		2 hours 15 minutes
You must answe	er on the question paper.	
	Geometrical instruments	

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions. •
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. •
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page. •
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid. •
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a graphic display calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper. •
- You must show all necessary working clearly and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

This document has 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in • degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use your calculator value. •

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 120.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

Formula List

For the equation	$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$	$x = \frac{-b \pm b}{-b}$	$\frac{a\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$
Curved surface area, A, of	cylinder of radius r, height h.		$A = 2\pi r h$
Curved surface area, A, of	cone of radius r, sloping edge	e <i>l</i> .	$A = \pi r l$
Curved surface area, A, of	sphere of radius <i>r</i> .		$A = 4\pi r^2$
Volume, <i>V</i> , of pyramid, bas	se area A , height h .		$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$
Volume, <i>V</i> , of cylinder of r	adius r, height h.		$V = \pi r^2 h$
Volume, V, of cone of radi	us r, height h.		$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume, V, of sphere of rac	dius <i>r</i> .		$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
\bigwedge^A			$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$
c/ b			$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$
			Area $=\frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$
в <u>— а</u>	$ \longrightarrow_{C} $		



Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps trapezium *D* onto trapezium *E*.

......[3]

[Turn over

(a)	Write 260512 correct to 3 significant figures.	
	[]	[]
(b)	Write 0.000000576 in standard form.	
	[]	[]
(c)	Calculate $\sqrt{27^2 - 6 \times 31^{0.3}}$. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.	
	[2	2]
(d)	(i) Work out 37% of \$820.	
	\$[2	2]
	(ii) Work out \$36 as a percentage of \$150.	
	%	1]
(e)	An amount of money is shared between Alan, Bjorn and Carlo in the ratio 3 : 7 : 5. Carlo receives \$695.	
	(i) Find the total amount of money shared.	

\$[3]

(ii) Carlo invests 40% of his \$695 at a rate of 1.2% per year compound interest.

Calculate the value of his investment at the end of 5 years.

\$[3]

(f) Dana invests \$2100 for 12 years at a rate of x% per year compound interest. At the end of the 12 years, the value of her investment is \$2663.31.

Calculate the value of *x*.

3	(a) (i)	Write down the coordinates of the point where the line	y = -2x + 3	crosses the <i>y</i> -axis.	
			()	[1]
	(ii)	Write down the gradient of the line $y = -2x + 3$.			
					[1]
	(b) Th	e line $x+y=6$ crosses the line $x=-2$ at point <i>A</i> .			
	Fi	nd the <i>y</i> -coordinate of <i>A</i> .			
					[1]

(c) Find the equation of the straight line that passes through the points (3, -1) and (12, 5).

.....[3]

(d) The line *L* passes through the point (3, 4). Line *L* is perpendicular to the line 2y = 5x + 6.

Find the equation of line *L*.

.....[4]



- (i) On the grid, draw the lines y = 4, x + y = 3 and y = x 1. [3]
- (ii) By shading the unwanted regions, find and label the region R that satisfies these three inequalities.

$$y \leq 4$$

$$x + y \geq 3$$

$$y \geq x - 1$$
[1]

(e)

Mass (<i>m</i> grams)	Frequency
$70 < m \leqslant 90$	2
$90 < m \le 110$	7
$110 < m \le 130$	14
$130 < m \le 150$	10
$150 < m \le 170$	12
$170 < m \le 190$	5

4 (a) The mass, *m* grams, of each of 50 apples is found. The results are shown in the table.

(i) Write down the modal class.

 $\dots \qquad < m \leq \dots \qquad [1]$

(ii) Calculate an estimate of the mean.

..... g [2]

- (b) The mass, *x* grams, of each of 120 different apples is found. The results are shown in Table 1.
 - (i) Complete the cumulative frequency column in Table 2.

Mass (<i>x</i> grams)	Frequency
$70 < x \le 90$	8
$90 < x \le 110$	8
$110 < x \le 120$	22
$120 < x \le 130$	39
$130 < x \le 140$	27
$140 < x \le 150$	9
$150 < x \le 170$	7





Table 2

[2]



(ii) On the grid, draw the cumulative frequency curve to show the results in Table 2.

[Turn over

5 (a)



Calculate the length of AC.

AC = mm [2]

(b)



The diagram shows a circle with centre O and radius 16 cm.

Calculate the length of the major arc *AB*.



NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows a prism with length 12 cm. The cross-section of the prism is a quarter of a circle. The radius of the circle is 6 cm.

Calculate the volume of the prism.

(c)

..... cm³ [2]



Shape *ABCDE* is made by joining rectangle *ABDE* and triangle *BCD*. The perpendicular height of triangle *BCD* is (2x + 4) cm. The total area of *ABCDE* is 11 cm².

(i) Show that $2x^2 - 3x - 20 = 0$.

(ii) Factorise $2x^2 - 3x - 20$.

(iii) Use your answer to part (ii) to solve the equation $2x^2 - 3x - 20 = 0$. [2]

 $x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$ [1]

..... cm [1]

(iv) Find the perpendicular height of triangle *BCD*.

(d)

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[Turn over

[3]

- 6 (a) y is inversely proportional to the square of x.
 - (i) When x = 2, y = 8.

Find y in terms of x.

y = [2]

y = [1]

- (ii) Find the value of y when x = 4.
- (iii) Find the value of x when y = 128.

(b) r is directly proportional to the cube of (p + 1). When p = 1, r = 16.

Find the value of *r* when p = 4.



(c) $h(x) = (x+1)^2 - 3$

Solve the inequality g(x) > h(x).

.....[4]



Rani sails in a boat race around a triangular course. She sails from A to B to C and then directly back to A. B is due north of C.

(a) Find the bearing Rani sails on from C to A.

(b) Show that AB = 20.3 km, correct to 1 decimal place.

(c) Calculate the bearing of *B* from *A*.

.....[3]

(d) Rani starts the race at 08 57 and returns to *A* at 12 33.Calculate the average speed of her boat in km/h.

..... km/h [3]

- $F = \{\text{people who play the flute}\}$
- $D = \{\text{people who play the drums}\}$



(i) Calculate the number of people who play both the flute and the drums.

		[3]
(ii)	On the Venn diagram, shade $F' \cap D$.	[1]
(iii)	Briony plays both the flute and the drums.	
	Use set notation to complete the statement.	
	Briony $(F \cap D)$	[1]

- (b) Briony has 6 red socks, 4 green socks and 8 white socks.
 - (i) She picks a sock at random.

Find the probability that the sock is green.

......[1]

(ii) Briony replaces the sock. She now picks two socks at random, without replacement.

Calculate the probability that the two socks are different colours.

.....[4]



Cone *A* has radius *r* and perpendicular height *h*. Cone *B* is mathematically similar to cone *A*. Solid *C* is formed by removing cone *A* from cone *B*.

The ratio height of cone A: height of cone B = 2:3.

(a) Find the ratio volume of cone A : volume of solid C.

(b) Cone A has radius 4 cm and height 10 cm.

Calculate the **total** surface area of solid *C*.

Question 11 is printed on the next page.

- f(x) = 3x + 1 $g(x) = x^2 5$ $h(x) = 3^x$ 11 (a) Find g(3).
 - **(b)** Find f(h(2)).
 - (c) Find the value of r when f(r) = r.
 - (d) Solve g(f(x)) = 20.

 $x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$ [3]

(e) Find $h^{-1}(x)$.

 $h^{-1}(x) = \dots [2]$

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