

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge Ordinary Level

	CANDIDATE NAME								
	CENTRE NUMBER				CANDIDATE NUMBER				
0 6	MATHEMATICS	(SYLLABUS	5 D)		4024/22				
	Paper 2			October/November 2018					
						2 hours 30 minutes			
	Candidates answ	ver on the Qu	estion Paper.						
	Additional Materi	Additional Materials: Geometrical instruments Electronic calculator							

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown in the space below that question.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

You are expected to use an electronic calculator to evaluate explicit numerical expressions.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 100.

This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.



 (a) Kamal earned a total of \$32 500 in 2017. He paid 9% of this amount into his pension. He paid 22% tax on the remainder of his earnings.

Calculate the amount left after paying his pension and his tax.

Answer \$[3]

(b) Kamal invested \$1200 in a savings account paying 1.8% per year compound interest. He left the money in the account for 5 years.

Calculate the amount of money in the account at the end of 5 years. Give your answer correct to the nearest cent.

Answer \$[3]

 (c) Kamal also invested some money in a different savings account for 5 years. This account paid 2.1% per year simple interest. At the end of 5 years there was \$828.75 in the account.

Calculate the amount of money he invested in this account.

Answer \$[3]

 (d) The exchange rate between dollars (\$) and pounds (£) is \$1 = £0.72. The exchange rate between dollars and euros (€) is \$1 = €1.10.

Kamal has \$275. He changes part of the \$275 into pounds and receives £79.20. He changes the remaining dollars into euros.

Calculate the amount of money he receives in euros.

Answer €[3]

2 Lim grows tomatoes.

The masses, m grams, of 200 of her tomatoes are recorded. The cumulative frequency table shows the results.

Mass (<i>m</i> grams)	<i>m</i> ≤ 80	<i>m</i> ≤ 100	<i>m</i> ≤ 110	<i>m</i> ≤ 120	<i>m</i> ≤ 130	<i>m</i> ≤ 140	<i>m</i> ≤ 160
Cumulative frequency	0	20	48	112	158	184	200

(a) On the grid, draw a cumulative frequency diagram to represent these results.



(b) Use your diagram to estimate

(i) the median,

Answer g [1]

(ii) the interquartile range.

Answer g [2]

(c) Ravi also grows tomatoes.

The masses of 200 of his tomatoes are also recorded.

For Ravi's tomatoes, the median mass was 124g and the interquartile range of the masses was 12g.

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Make two comments comparing the masses of tomatoes grown by Lim with those grown by Ravi.

(d) (i) Complete the frequency table for the masses of tomatoes grown by Lim.

Mass (<i>m</i> grams)	Frequency
$80 < m \leq 100$	20
$100 < m \leqslant 110$	28
$110 < m \le 120$	64
$120 < m \le 130$	
$130 < m \le 140$	
$140 < m \le 160$	16

[1]

(ii) Write down the modal class.

(iii) Calculate an estimate for the mean mass of these tomatoes.

Answer g [3]

3 (a) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{3}{y-1} - \frac{5}{y+6}$.

Answer[3]

(b) Simplify
$$\frac{2v^2 - 5v - 12}{v^2 - 16}$$
.

(c) Solve $3(x^2 + 3) = 11x$. Show your working and give your answers correct to 3 significant figures.

4 (a) Anna drives 45 km to work each day. One day she drives the first 25 km at an average speed of 82 km/h. She takes 36 minutes to drive the remaining distance.

Calculate her average speed, in km/h, for the whole journey.

Answer km/h [3]

(b) Anna's journey home is 47 km, correct to the nearest kilometre. One day her journey home takes 65 minutes, correct to the nearest 5 minutes.

Calculate the upper bound of her average speed, in km/h, for the journey home.

Answer km/h [3]

(c) The probability that Anna arrives at work on time or early on any given day is $\frac{5}{8}$.

Calculate the probability that she is **late** on both Monday and Tuesday. Give your answer as a fraction.



AC and BD are diameters of the circle, centre O. AC = 12 cm and $\hat{AOB} = 130^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate the area of triangle *AOB*.

Answer cm² [2]

(b) Calculate the area of the sector *AOD*.

(c) Calculate the percentage of the area of the circle that is shaded.

6 Zara fences off a piece of land next to a wall to make a vegetable garden.



The garden is a rectangle with the wall as one side of the rectangle. The area of the garden is 18 square metres. The width of the garden is x metres.

(a) The total length of fencing required for the garden is *y* metres.

Show that $y = 2x + \frac{18}{x}$.

[1]

(b) (i) Complete the table for $y = 2x + \frac{18}{x}$.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
у			12	12.5	13.6	15	16.6	18.3	

[2]



(c) Use your graph to find the two possible widths of the garden if 14 metres of fencing is used.

Answer m or m [2]

(d) The fencing costs \$20 per metre.

(ii)

(i) Find the minimum amount it will cost Zara to build the fence.

Answer \$[2]

(ii) Zara wants to spend no more than \$350 on the fence.

Find the greatest possible width of the garden Zara can make.

Answer m [2]

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Triangle *A* is drawn on the grid.

(a) Transformation P is represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$.

P maps triangle A onto triangle B.

(i) Draw and label triangle *B*.

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- (iii) Write down the ratio area of triangle A: area of triangle B.
- (b) Transformation Q is represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$. Q maps triangle *B* onto triangle *C*. Draw and label triangle *C*. [2]
- (c) Transformation Y is represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$. Y maps triangle A onto triangle D.

Find the matrix that represents the transformation that maps triangle D onto triangle A.

Answer () [2]



The line 2y = x + 4 is drawn on the grid.

- (a) (i) On the grid, draw the line x + y + 2 = 0.
 - (ii) The region R is represented by these three inequalities.

$$2y \ge x + 4$$
$$x + y + 2 \ge 0$$
$$y \le 2$$

On the grid, shade and label the region R.

[2]

[2]

(b) Line *L* is perpendicular to the line 2y = x + 4. Line *L* passes through the point (1, 8).

Show that the equation of line *L* is y = 10 - 2x.

(c) Use an algebraic method to find the coordinates of the point of intersection of the lines 2y = x + 4 and y = 23 - 2x.

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Answer (.....) [3]

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9 [Volume of a pyramid $=\frac{1}{3} \times \text{base area} \times \text{height}$]



(a) Show that the height, *EF*, of the pyramid is 8.72 cm, correct to 3 significant figures.

(b) Calculate the volume of the pyramid.

Answer cm³ [2]

[4]



(c) Calculate angle *AFB*.

(d) Calculate the angle of elevation of F from the midpoint of AB.





The diagram shows two circles that touch at *C*. *A*, *B* and *C* are points on the small circle, centre *X*. *C*, *D* and *E* are points on the large circle, centre *Y*. *AXCYE* and *BCD* are straight lines and $Y\hat{D}E = x^{\circ}$.

(a) Prove that triangle *BCX* is similar to triangle *DCY*. Give a reason for each statement you make.

[3]

- (b) Find, in terms of x,
 - (i) $D\hat{C}Y$,

Answer $D\hat{C}Y =$ [1]

(ii) $B\hat{X}A$.

Answer $B\hat{X}A =$ [1]

(c) Given that BC = 3.5 cm, CX = 3.2 cm and CD = 5.6 cm, find the length of AE.

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